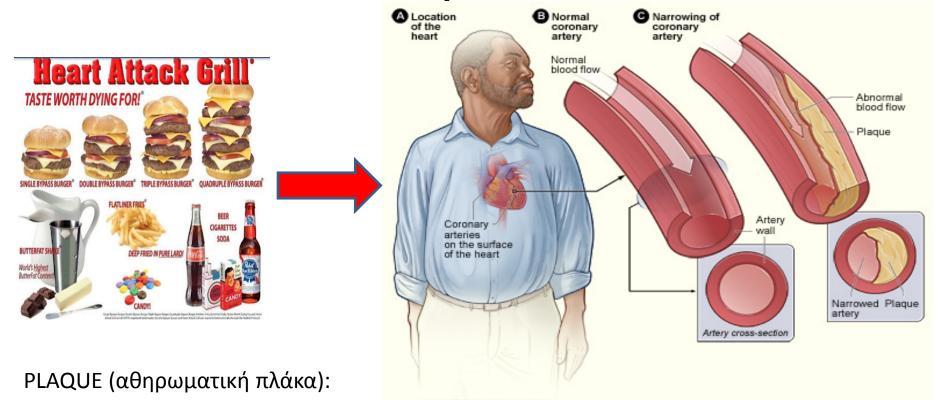


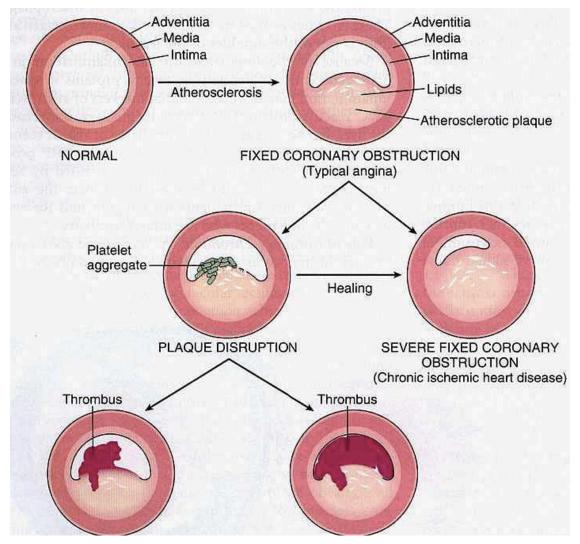
BioFluid Mechanics and Atherosclerosis (αθηροσκλήρωση)

<u>Atherosclerosis</u> is a disease in which plaque builds up inside your arteries

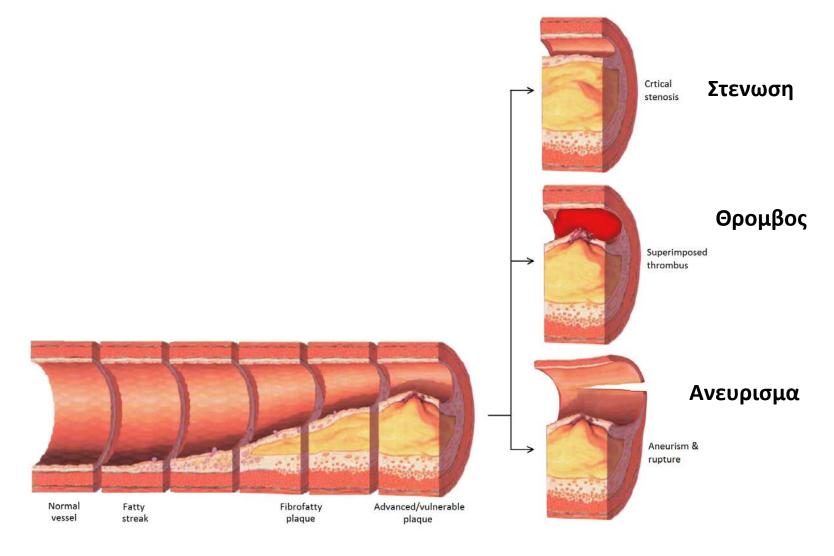


- Degenerative material in the inner layer of <u>artery</u> walls.
- Consists of white blood cells, <u>lipids</u> (<u>cholesterol</u> and fatty acids), calcium and fibrous connective tissue.

Cross Section of an Atherosclerotic Artery

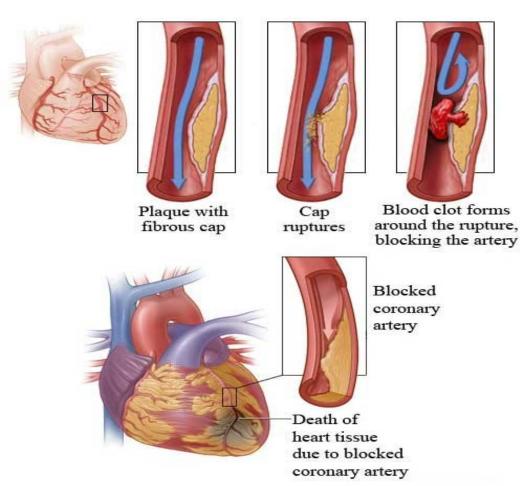


Εξελιξη Αθηρωματικης Πλακας

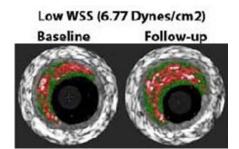


https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atherosclerosis#/media/File:Atherosclerosis_disease_progression.png

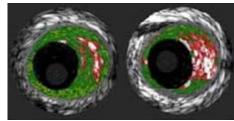
BioFluid Mechanics: Understanding Plaque Formation



Plaque formation and Wall Shear Stress (WSS)



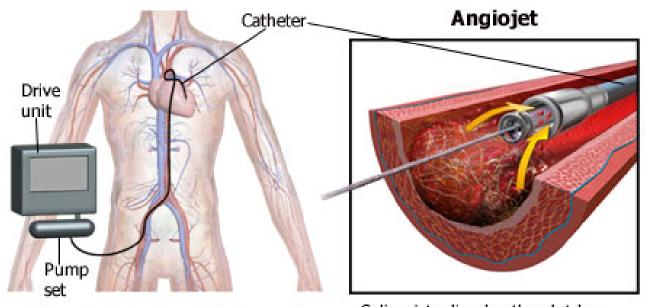
High WSS (51.72 Dynes/cm2)
Baseline Follow-up



H. Samady, et al. Coronary artery wall shear stress is associated with progression and transformation of atherosclerotic plaque and arterial remodeling in patients with coronary artery disease. Circulation (2011 Jul 25)

http://www.womens-health-advice.com/photos/heart-attack.html

Clot Removal using Angiojet Catheter



The catheter is inserted into an artery (usually the femoral artery) and quided to the blood clot. Saline jets dissolve the clot by creating a vacuum within the artery. The clot is pulled apart and sucked out of the body via the catheter and into the pump set.

...Removing thrombus mainly from peripheral arteries and veins prior to balloon angioplasty or stent placement

Taken from: www.heartcenteronline.com

AngioJet Thrombectomy in Action...

Watch the movie at:

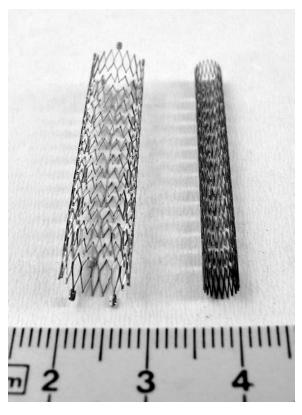
http://www.bostonscientific.com/en-US/products/thrombectomy-systems/angiojetthrombectomy-system.html

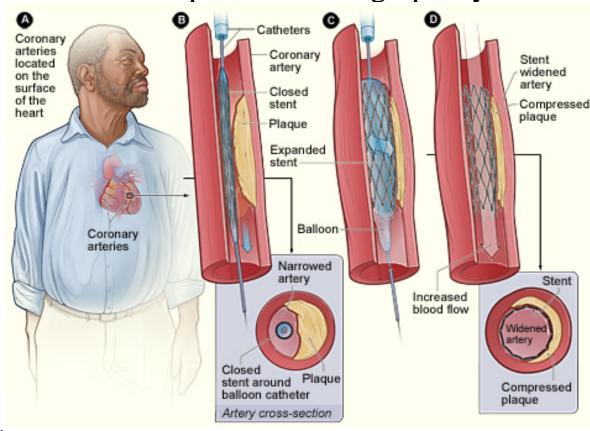


Treating Stenosis: The Stent

The Stent

The procedure: Angioplasty

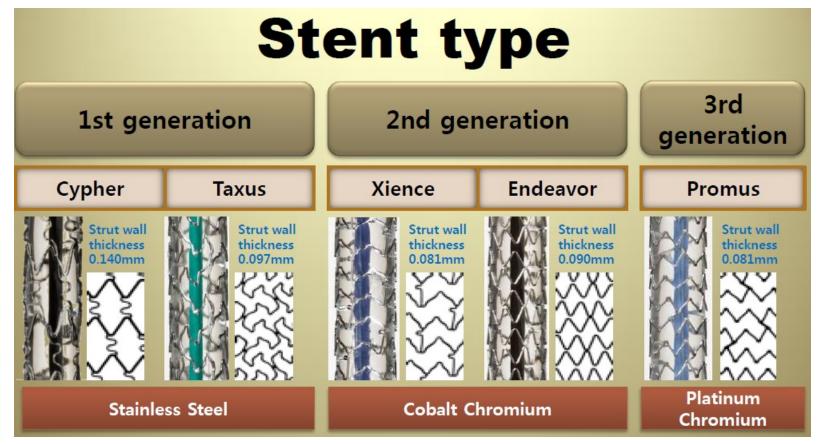




http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stent

http://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/health/health-topics/topics/stents/placed

Stents: Design & Materials



Specs:

Biocompatibility, minimize inflammation, slow down restenosis





Bio-Engineering

Medical Physics



Genetic Engineering



Image shows three sets of tomatoes. The ordinary control tomatoes (extreme left) soften and shrivel up, while texture of gene-silenced tomatoes remains intact for up to 45 days. Photo credit: Asis Datta, Subhra Chakraborty, National Institute of Plant Genome Research, New Delhi **Biomechanics**





Genetic engineering

Genetic engineering:

Direct manipulation of an organism's genes §

Γενετική Μηχανική uses the techniques of molecular cloning and transformation to alter the structure of genes directly.

Examples:

- -Improving *crop technology* (not a medical application)
- -the manufacture of synthetic human insulin through the use of modified bacteria
- -GFP expression for imaging

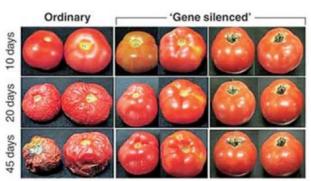


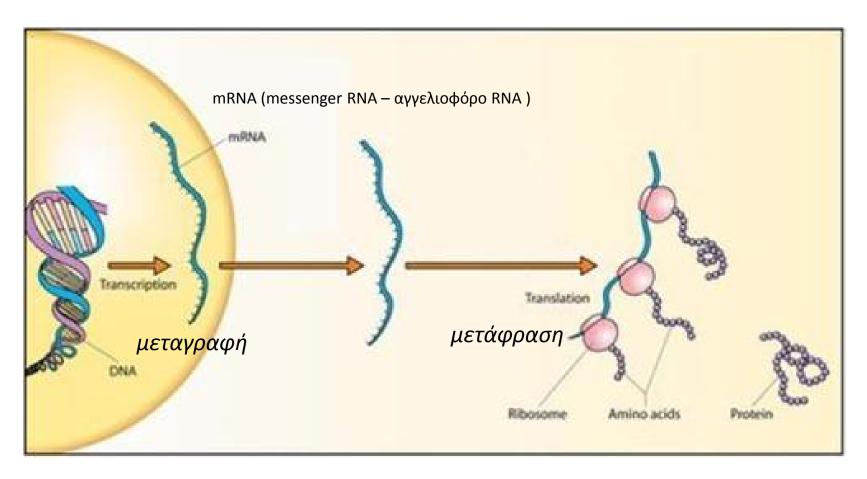
Image shows three sets of tomatoes. The ordinary control tomatoes (extreme left) soften and shrivel up, while texture of gene-silenced tomatoes remains intact for up to 45 days.

Photo credit: Asis Datta, Subhra Chakraborty, National Institute of Plant Genome Research. New Delhi



How many Genes we have?

The Central Dogma of Molecular Biology



http://captain-nitrogen.tumblr.com/post/2573349090/a-crash-course-in-biochemistry-from-atoms-to



The result of a chemical reaction called **Bioluminescence** (βιοφωταύγεια), it occurs when a micro-organism in sea water is disturbed by oxygen

Read more: http://www.dailymail.co.uk/sciencetech/article-2124432/Glow-flow-Natural-phenomenon-turns-sea-water-electric-neon-blue-washes-beach.html#ixzz3SqHv4HwN

The GFP Protein





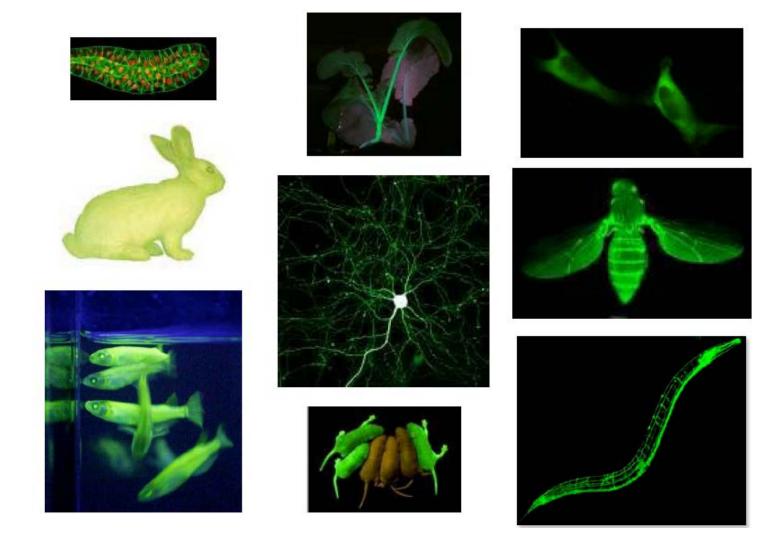
Osamu Shimomura

GPF comes from the jellyfish (μεδουσα) Aequorea Victoria. It has the shape of a barrel. Inside the barrel there is the light-absorbing complex, which absorbs high-energy UV-light and emits green light.

high energy low energy

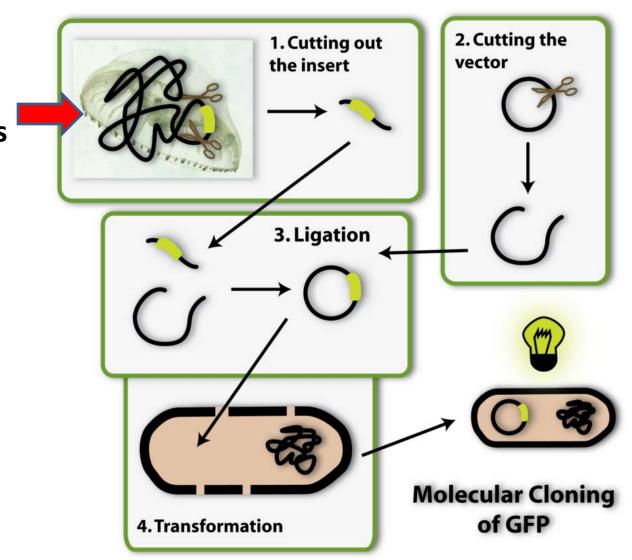
GFP

2008 Nobel Price in Chemistry - Martin Chalfie (Columbia University)



How is it done?

Green
Fluorescent
Protein (GPF) is
naturally
expressed in
jellyfish







Genetic Engineering

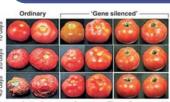


Image shows three sets of tomatoes. The ordinary control tomatoes (extreme left) soften and shrivel up, while texture of gene-silenced tomatoes remains intact for up to 45 days.
Photo credit: Asis Datta, Subhra Chakraborty, National Institute of Plant Genome Research, New Delhi 1

Bio-Engineering

Medical Physics



Tissue Engineering

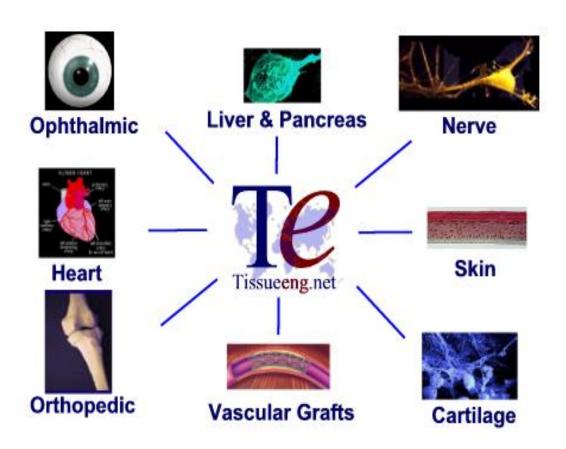


Biomechanics





Tissue Engineering: Creating Human Tissue/Organs

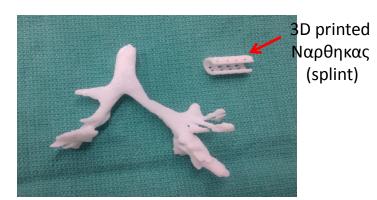


http://www.tissueeng.net/main.htm



Figure: Image-based tissue engineering of human ear cartilage. Comparison of photograph (left), digitized image (middle), and tissue engineered ear cartilage after two weeks in culture.

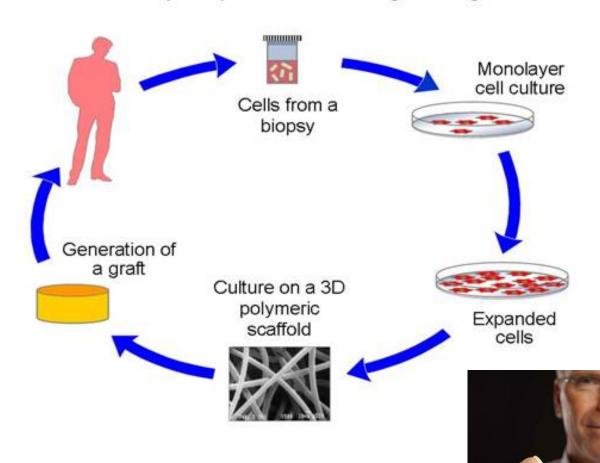
http://meeting.nesps.org/2011/47.cgi



http://ns.umich.edu/new/multimedia/videos/2 1742-national-magazine-honors-creators-oflife-saving-3d-printed-airway-splint

Tissue Engineering: How it is done

Basic principles of Tissue engineering



http://textile.iitd.ac.in/highlights/fol8/01.htm